# Quick setup guide

Radar sensor for continuous level measurement of bulk solids

# **VEGAPULS 69**

Profibus PA





Document ID: 47256







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#### Information:

This quick setup guide enables quick setup and commissioning of your instrument.

You can find supplementary information in the corresponding, more detailed Operating Instructions Manual as well as the Safety Manual that comes with instruments with SIL qualification. These manuals are available on our homepage.

Operating instructions VEGAPULS 69 - Profibus PA: Document-ID 47250

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# 1 For your safety

## 1.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this documentation must be carried out only by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device, the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

# 1.2 Appropriate use

VEGAPULS 69 is a sensor for continuous level measurement.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter " *Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

# 1.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of this product can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill through incorrect mounting or adjustment. Damage to property and persons or environmental contamination can result. Also, the protective characteristics of the instrument can be impaired.

## 1.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and directives. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument. When measuring aggressive or corrosive media that can cause a dangerous situation if the instrument malfunctions, the operator has to implement suitable measures to make sure the instrument is functioning properly.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden. For safety reasons, only the accessory specified by the manufacturer must be

To avoid any danger, the safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed.

The low transmitting power of the radar sensor is far below the internationally approved limits. No health impairments are to be expected with intended use. The band range of the measuring frequency can be found in chapter " *Technical data*".



## 1.5 EU conformity

The device fulfils the legal requirements of the applicable EU directives. By affixing the CE marking, we confirm the conformity of the instrument with these directives.

The EU conformity declaration can be found on our homepage.

#### 1.6 NAMUR recommendations

NAMUR is the automation technology user association in the process industry in Germany. The published NAMUR recommendations are accepted as the standard in field instrumentation.

The device fulfils the requirements of the following NAMUR recommendations:

- NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment
- NE 53 Compatibility of field devices and display/adjustment components
- NE 107 Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices

For further information see www.namur.de.

#### 1.7 Radio license for Europe

The instrument was tested according to the latest issue of the following harmonized standards:

- EN 302372 Tank Level Probing Radar
- EN 302729 Level Probing Radar

It is hence approved for use inside and outside closed vessels in countries of the EU.

Use is also approved in EFTA countries, provided the respective standards have been implemented.

For operation inside of closed vessels, points a to f in annex E of EN 302372 must be fulfilled.

For operation outside of closed vessels, the following conditions must be fulfilled:

- The instrument must be stationary mounted and the antenna directed vertically downward
- The instrument may only be used outside closed vessels in the version with G1½ or 1½ NPT thread with integrated horn antenna.
- The mounting location must be at least 4 km away from radio astronomy stations, unless special permission was granted by the responsible national approval authority
- When installed within 4 to 40 km of a radio astronomy station, the instrument must not be mounted higher than 15 m above the ground.

A list of the respective radio astronomy stations can be found in chapter " *Appendix*" of the operating instructions.



#### 1.8 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter " Packaging, transport and storage"
- Chapter " Disposal"



# 2 Product description

# 2.1 Configuration

#### Type label

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:



Fig. 1: Layout of the type label (example)

- 1 Instrument type
- 2 Product code
- 3 Approvals
- 4 Power supply and signal output, electronics
- 5 Protection rating
- 6 Measuring range
- 7 Process and ambient temperature, process pressure
- 8 Material wetted parts
- 9 Hardware and software version
- 10 Order number
- 11 Serial number of the instrument
- 12 Data matrix code for VEGA Tools app
- 13 Symbol of the device protection class
- 14 ID numbers, instrument documentation
- 15 Reminder to observe the instrument documentation

#### Serial number - Instrument search

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The type label contains the serial number of the instrument. With it you can find the following instrument data on our homepage:

- Product code (HTML)
- Delivery date (HTML)
- Order-specific instrument features (HTML)
- Operating instructions and quick setup guide at the time of shipment (PDF)
- Order-specific sensor data for an electronics exchange (XML)
- Test certificate (PDF) optional

Move to "www.vega.com" and enter in the search field the serial number of your instrument.

Alternatively, you can access the data via your smartphone:

- Download the VEGA Tools app from the "Apple App Store" or the "Google Play Store"
- Scan the DataMatrix code on the type label of the instrument or
- Enter the serial number manually in the app



# 3 Mounting

# 3.1 Mounting preparations, mounting strap

The mounting strap is supplied unassembled (optionally) as accessory part of the plastic horn antenna and must be screwed to the sensor before setup with three hexagon socket screws M5 x 10 and spring washers. Max. torque, see chapter " *Technical data*". Required tools: Allen wrench size 4

There are two different variants of screwing the strap to the sensor, see following illustration:

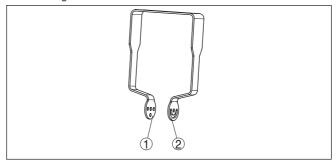


Fig. 2: Mounting strap for screwing to the sensor

- 1 For angle of inclination in steps
- 2 For angle of inclination, infinitely variable

Depending on the selected variant, the sensor can be rotated in the strap:

- Single chamber housing
  - Angle of inclination in three steps 0°, 90° and 180°
  - Angle of inclination 180°, infinitely variable
- Double chamber housing
  - Angle of inclination in two steps 0° and 90°
  - Angle of inclination 90°, infinitely variable

**Polarisation** 



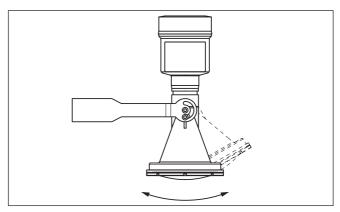


Fig. 3: Adjustment of the angle of inclination

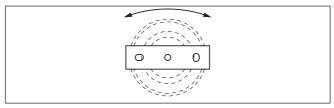


Fig. 4: Turning by fastening in the centre

# 3.2 Mounting instructions

Radar sensors for level measurement emit electromagnetic waves. The polarization is the direction of the electrical component of these waves.

The polarization direction is marked by a nose on the housing, see following drawing:

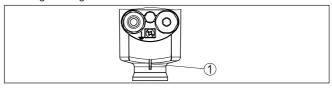


Fig. 5: Position of the polarisation

1 Nose for marking the direction of polarisation



#### Note:

Turning the housing changes the polarisation and thus the effect of false echoes on the measured value.

In order to avoid a change in the metrological properties, observe the position of the polarisation during installation or in the case of subsequent changes.



#### Installation position

Mount the instrument at least 200 mm (7.874 in) away from the vessel wall.

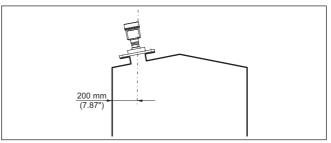


Fig. 6: Mounting the radar sensor on the vessel top

If you cannot maintain this distance, you should carry out a false signal suppression during setup. This applies particularly if buildup on the vessel wall is expected. In such cases, we recommend repeating the false signal suppression at a later date with existing buildup.



# 4 Connecting to the bus system

## 4.1 Connecting

#### Connection technology

The voltage supply and signal output are connected via the springloaded terminals in the housing.

Connection to the display and adjustment module or to the interface adapter is carried out via contact pins in the housing.

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#### Information:

The terminal block is pluggable and can be removed from the electronics. To do this, lift the terminal block with a small screwdriver and pull it out. When reinserting the terminal block, you should hear it snap in.

#### Connection procedure

#### Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- If a display and adjustment module is installed, remove it by turning it slightly to the left
- Loosen compression nut of the cable gland and remove blind plug
- Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx.
   1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
- 5. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry



Fig. 7: Connection steps 5 and 6

- 1 Single chamber housing
- 2 Double chamber housing
- 6. Insert the wire ends into the terminals according to the wiring plan

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#### Note:

Solid cores as well as flexible cores with wire end sleeves are inserted directly into the terminal openings. In case of flexible cores without end sleeves, press the terminal from above with a small screwdriver, the terminal opening is then free. When the screwdriver is released, the terminal closes again.

- Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
- Connect the shielding to the internal ground terminal, connect the external ground terminal to potential equalisation



- 9. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
- 10. Reinsert the display and adjustment module, if one was installed
- 11. Screw the housing lid back on

The electrical connection is finished.

# 4.2 Wiring plan, single chamber housing



The following illustration applies to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

# Electronics and connection compartment

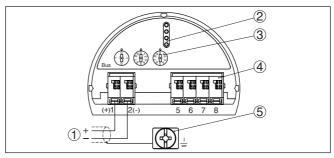


Fig. 8: Electronics and connection compartment - single chamber housing

- 1 Voltage supply, signal output
- 2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter
- 3 Selection switch for instrument address
- 4 For external display and adjustment unit
- 5 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening

# 4.3 Wiring plan, double chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

#### Connection compartment

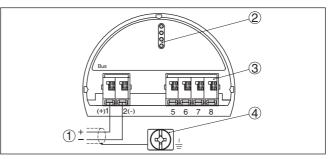


Fig. 9: Connection compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Voltage supply, signal output
- 2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter
- 3 For external display and adjustment unit
- 4 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening





#### Information:

Parallel use of an external display and adjustment unit and a display and adjustment module in the connection compartment is not supported.



# 5 Set up with the display and adjustment module

## 5.1 Insert display and adjustment module

The display and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. You can choose any one of four different positions - each displaced by 90°. It is not necessary to interrupt the power supply.

#### Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- 2. Place the display and adjustment module on the electronics in the desired position and turn it to the right until it snaps in.
- 3. Screw housing lid with inspection window tightly back on

Disassembly is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.



Fig. 10: Installing the display and adjustment module in the electronics compartment of the single chamber housing





Fig. 11: Installing the display and adjustment module in the double chamber housing

- 1 In the electronics compartment
- 2 In the connection compartment



#### Note:

If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher lid with an inspection glass is required.

# 5.2 Parameter adjustment - Quick setup

To quickly and easily adapt the sensor to the application, select the menu item " *Quick setup*" in the start graphic on the display and adjustment module.



Carry out the following steps with the [->] key in the below sequence. You can find " Extended adjustment" in the next sub-chapter.

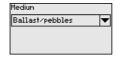
#### 1. Measurement loop name

In the first menu item you assign a suitable measurement loop name. Permitted are names with max. 19 characters.



#### 2. Medium

In this menu item you select the type of bulk solid. The selection comprises different granulate sizes.





#### 3. Application/Vessel bottom

In this menu item you specify the application and the form of the vessel bottom.



#### 4. Vessel height/Measuring range

In this menu item you enter the height of the vessel and hence the active measuring range.



#### 5. Max. adjustment

In this menu item you carry out the max. adjustment.

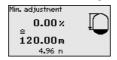
Enter the measuring distance for 100 % filling.



#### 6. Min. adjustment

In this menu item you carry out the min. adjustment.

Enter the measuring distance for 0 % filling.



#### 7. Termination

" Quick setup terminated successfully" is briefly displayed. The echo curve of the setup is stored automatically.

The quick setup is finished.

The return to the measured value indication is carried out through the [->] or [ESC] keys or automatically after 3 s

# 5.3 Parameter adjustment - Extended adjustment

The main menu is divided into five sections with the following functions:



**Setup:** Settings, for example, to measurement loop name, medium, application, vessel, adjustment, AI FB 1 Channel - scaling - damping

Main menu



**Display:** Language setting, settings for the measured value indication as well as lighting

**Diagnosis:** Information, for example on the instrument status, pointer, measurement reliability, AI FB 1 simulation, echo curve

Further settings: Instrument units, false signal suppression, linearization, sensor address, PIN, date/time, reset, copy sensor data

**Info:** Instrument name, hardware and software version, date of manufacture, instrument features

In the main menu item " Setup", the individual submenu items should be selected one after the other and provided with the correct parameters to ensure optimum setting of the measurement. The procedure is described in the following.

#### Setup - Adjustment

Since the radar sensor is a distance measuring instrument, the distance from the sensor to the medium surface is measured. To indicate the actual level, an allocation of the measured distance to the percentage height must be carried out.

To perform the adjustment, enter the distance with full and empty vessel, see the following example:

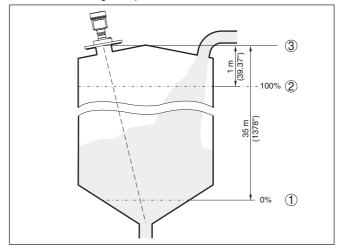


Fig. 12: Parameterisation example, Min./max. adjustment

- 1 Min. level = max. measuring distance
- 2 Max. level = min. measuring distance
- 3 Reference plane

If these values are not known, an adjustment with the distances of e.g.  $10\,\%$  and  $90\,\%$  is possible. Starting point for these distance specifications is always the sealing surface of the thread or flange. You can find specifications on the reference plane in chapter "  $Technical\ data$ ". The actual level is calculated on the basis of these settings.

The actual product level during this adjustment is not important, because the min./max. adjustment is always carried out without



changing the product level. These settings can be made ahead of time without the instrument having to be installed.

#### Diagnostics - Echo curve memory

The function " Setup" allows the echo curve to be saved at the time of setup.

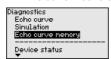


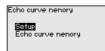
#### Information:

This is generally recommended, however, for use of the Asset Management functions it is absolutely necessary. Saving should be carried out with a very low level.

The function " Echo curve memory" allows up to ten individual echo curves to be stored, for example to detect the measurement behaviour of the sensor in different operating conditions.

With the adjustment software PACTware and the PC, the stored echo curves can be displayed with high resolution and used to recognize signal changes over time. In addition, the echo curve saved during setup can also be displayed in the echo curve window and compared with the current echo curve.







# signal suppression

Additional settings - False The following circumstances cause interfering reflections and can influence the measurement:

- High mounting nozzles
- Vessel internals such as struts
- Agitators
- Buildup or welded joints on vessel walls



#### Note:

A false signal suppression detects, marks and saves these false signals to ensure that they are ignored in the level measurement.

This should be done with the lowest possible level so that all potential interfering reflections can be detected.

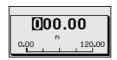
Proceed as follows:

1. Select with [->] the menu item " False signal suppression" and confirm with [OK].









- Confirm 3-times with [OK] and enter the actual distance from the sensor to the product surface.
- All interfering signals in this range are detected by the sensor and stored after being confirmed with [OK].

#### Note:



Check the distance to the medium surface, because if an incorrect (too large) value is entered, the existing level will be saved as a false signal. The level would then no longer be detectable in this area.

If a false signal suppression has already been saved in the sensor, the following menu window appears when selecting " False signal suppression":



**Delete**: An already created false signal suppression will be completely deleted. This is useful if the saved false signal suppression no longer matches the metrological conditions in the vessel.

**Extend**: is used to extend an already created false signal suppression. This is useful if a false signal suppression was carried out with too high a level and not all false signals could be detected. When selecting " *Extend*", the distance to the product surface of the created false signal suppression is displayed. This value can now be changed and the false signal suppression can be extended to this range.

#### 5.4 Menu overview

#### Setup

Menu item	Parameter	Default setting
Instrument ad- dress		126
Measurement loop name		Sensor
Units	Distance	m
	Temperature	°C
	Unit SV2	Distance in m
Application	Medium	Crushed stones/gravel
	Application	Silo
	Vessel bottom	Flat
	Vessel height	120 m



Menu item	Parameter	Default setting		
Instrument ad- dress		126		
Adjustment	Min. adjustment	120 m		
		0.00 %		
	Max. adjustment	0,000 m(d)		
		100.00 %		
Al FB1 Channnel		PV (lin. perc.)		
Al FB1 scaling		Height		
unit		%		
Al FB1 scaling		0.00 lin %, 0.00 %		
		100.00 lin %, 100.00 %		
Al FB1 damping		0 s		
Current output	Current output -	Output characteristics		
	Mode	4 20 mA		
		Reaction when malfunctions occur		
		≤ 3.6 mA		
	Current output - Min./Max.	3.8 mA		
		20.5 mA		
Lock adjustment		Released		

# Display

Menu item	Default setting
Menu language	Order-specific
Displayed value 1	Filling height in %
Displayed value 2	Electronics temperature in °C
Backlight	Switched on

# **Diagnostics**

Menu item	Parameter	Default setting
Device status		-
Peak value indi-	Distance	-
cator	Measurement re- liability	-
Peak values, additional	Temperature	-
Curve display	Echo curve	-
	False signal sup- pression	-
Simulation		Percent
Echo curve mem- ory		Percent



# **Additional adjustments**

Menu item	Parameter	Default setting
Date/Time		Actual date/Actual time
Reset		-
Copy instru- ment settings		-
Scaling	Scaling size	Volume in I
	Scaling format	0 % corresponds to 0 I 100 % corresponds to 0 I
Current out- put 1	Current output - Meas. variable Lin. percent - Level	
	Current output - Adjustment	0 100 % correspond to 4 20 mA
Current out- put 2	Current output - Meas. variable	Lin. percent - Level
	Current output - Adjustment	0 100 % correspond to 4 20 mA
False signal suppression		-
Linearisation		Linear
Special pa- rameters		-

## Info

Menu item	Parameter
Device name	VEGAPULS 6.
Instrument version	Hardware and software version
Factory calibration date	Date
Profibus ident number	Sensor-specific
Sensor characteristics	Order-specific characteristics



# 6 Set up with smartphone/tablet, PC/ notebook via Bluetooth

### 6.1 Preparations

#### **Activate Bluetooth**

Make sure that the Bluetooth function of the display and adjustment module is activated. For this, the switch on the bottom side must be set to "On".

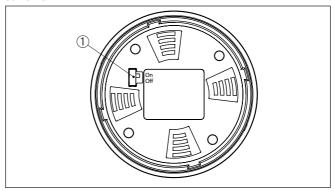


Fig. 13: Activate Bluetooth

1 Switch

On = Bluetooth active
Off = Bluetooth not active

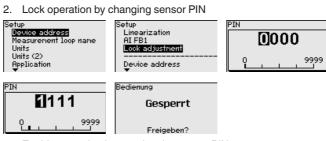
#### Change sensor PIN

The security concept of Bluetooth operation absolutely requires that the default setting of the sensor PIN be changed. This prevents unauthorized access to the sensor.

The default setting of the sensor PIN is " **0000**". First of all you have to change the sensor PIN in the adjustment menu of the sensor, e.g. to " **1111**":

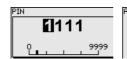
1. Go to setup via the extended operation





Enable operation by entering the sensor PIN once more







Sensor adjustment via the display/adjustment module or PACTware/ DTM by means of VEGACONNECT is thus released again. For access (authentication) with Bluetooth, the changed PIN is still effective.



#### Note:

Bluetooth access can only be established if the current sensor PIN differs from the default setting " 0000". It is possible both when the adjustment is unlocked and when it is locked.

# 6.2 Connecting

#### **Preparations**

#### Smartphone/Tablet

Start the adjustment app and select the function "Setup". The smartphone/tablet searches automatically for Bluetooth-capable instruments in the area.

#### PC/Notebook

Start PACTware and the VEGA project assistant. Select the device search via Bluetooth and start the search function. The device automatically searches for Bluetooth-capable devices in the vicinity.

#### Connecting

The message "Instrument search running" is displayed. All devices found are listed in the operating window. The search is automatically continued continuously.

Select in the device list the requested device. The message " Connecting" is displayed.

#### Authenticate

For the first connection, the operating device and the sensor must authenticate each other. After successful authentication, the next connection functions without authentication.

For authentication, enter in the next menu window the 4-digit sensor PIN

# 6.3 Sensor parameter adjustment

The sensor parameterization is carried out via the adjustment app on the smartphone/tablet or the DTM on the PC/notebook.



#### App view

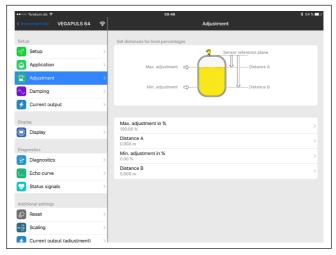


Fig. 14: Example of an app view - Setup sensor adjustment



# 7 Supplement

#### 7.1 Technical data

#### Note for approved instruments

The technical data in the respective safety instructions which are included in delivery are valid for approved instruments (e.g. with Ex approval). These data can differ from the data listed herein, for example regarding the process conditions or the voltage supply.

All approval documents can be downloaded from our homepage.

#### Electromechanical data - version IP66/IP67 and IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)

Options of the cable entry

- Cable entry M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT

Cable gland
 M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT (cable ø see below table)

Blind plug
 M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT

- Closing cap ½ NPT

Material ca-	Material seal insert	Cable diameter				
ble gland		4.5 8.5 mm	5 9 mm	6 12 mm	7 12 mm	10 14 mm
PA	NBR	-	•	•	-	•
Brass, nickel- plated	NBR	•	•	•	-	-
Stainless steel	NBR	-	•	•	-	•

Wire cross-section (spring-loaded terminals)

Massive wire, stranded wire
 Stranded wire with end sleeve
 0.2 ... 2.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 14)
 0.2 ... 1.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 16)

V۵	ltage	cuni	٦lv
VU	uaue	Subi	JIV

Operating voltage  $U_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$  9 ... 32 V DC

Operating voltage - with Bluetooth 11.6 ... 32 V DC

switched on

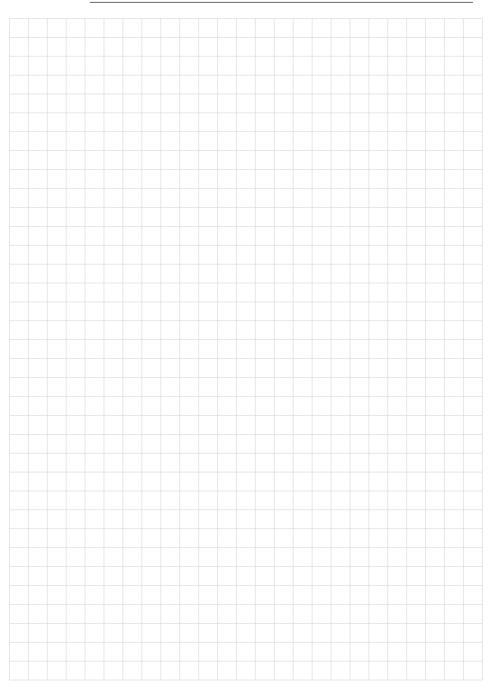
Operating voltage U<sub>R</sub> with lighting 13.5 ... 32 V DC

switched on

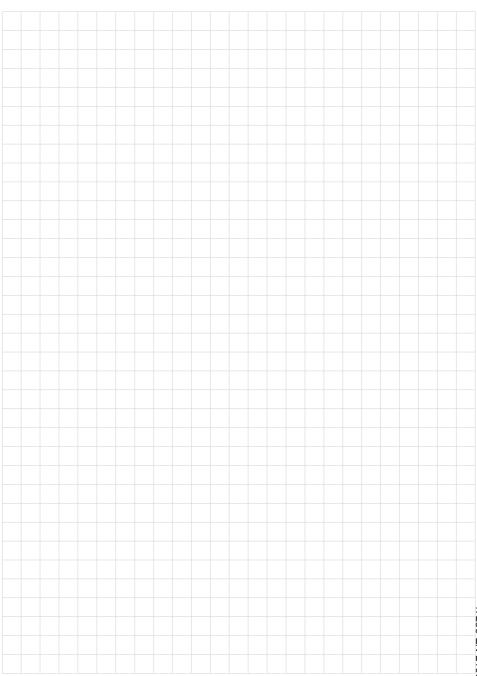
Number of sensors per DP/PA segment 32

coupler, max.



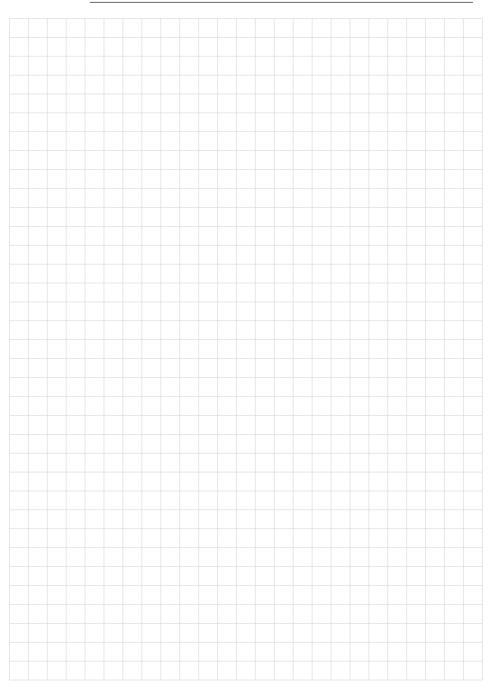






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# Printing date:



All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing.

Subject to change without prior notice

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